RECOVERY TEAM #62 RECOVERED PERSONNEL DETACHMENT HEADQUARTERS XIV CORPS

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Subject: Result of Investigation of Prisoner of War Camps, Numbers three(3) and ten(10), Sendal.

To : Commanding Officer, Recovered Personnel Detachment. THE CHARLEST STREET BY SELECTION AS SELECT STREET SHARE SPEED SOME

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2 Oct. 45

Departed Sendai 0900 and arrived Kurosawajiri 1430, with following personnel, E. A. Kennedy, Jr. 2nd Lt. Inf., T/3 K. Nakanishi 30106704, interperter and Pvt. Keith D. Sones 37760052. Contacted local police authorities and learned that Prisoner of War Camp was located near an electric plant at Wagaseunin, about 14 miles on the road to Yuta. After leaving police, spent the night in Kurosawajiri.

Mileage endai to Kurosawajiri 89 miles.

3 Oct. 45

Proceeded to Prisoner of War Camp Number ten(10) and found a local policeman and 1st. Lt. Sano, who had been camp commander since 19 May 45, when this camp had been constructed. The prisoners arrived at the camp 31 May 45. Lt. Sano, apparently had some trouble in remembering the number of people at this camp, as he had forwarded his records to Lt. Col. Kitajima (in charge of Tohoku district prisoner of war camps.)

Captain J. R. DeBergh, Recovery Team Number 65 had previously contacted Lt. Col. Kitajima and secured rosters from him, which in turn have been forwarded to General

Headquarters.

According to Lt. Sano he had released the following:

1 Australian 187 Americans

105 English

2 Canadians

3 Dutch

2 Norwegians

He also reported that there had been no deaths, and no evidence of any deaths could be found.

A complete physical examination of the camp was made and very little evidence of any type could be found. The camp had been given a thorough cleaning and all windows and doors had been boarded over.

Lt. Sano informed us that the camp had already been visited by three(3) United States Army men who had arrived

from Morloka. Their identity was unknown.

The buildings in the compound were in good condition and this was probably due to the fact that these had only been erected in May 1945.

The large building where the Prisoners of War were quartered contained in addition to sleeping quarters, the kitchen, store rooms, latrines and the medical section.

There were double tiers for sleeping purposes, the lower tier being of wood construction and raised above the floor level about one(1) foot. The upper tier was about five(5) feet above the lower tier and access hereto was by means of a ladder.

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Six(6) men sleep in each tier and the two tiers faced each other, giving accommodations for 24 men to a section, these sections being numbered. Lt. Sano informed us that the men slept on straw mats although none were in evidence.

A smaller building contained the guard house and two solitary confinement cells. Lt. Sano informed us that only one(1) man had been placed in solitary confinement and his offence had been that, he stole some sugar.

The few papers that were recovered at this camp are enclosed in a separate envelope marked "Papers Recovered

at POW Camp #10 Senda1."

Upon return to Eurosawajiri we contacted Sendai Headquarters for northern Prisoner of War Camps at Satowake, and were told that there were no Chinese prisoners of war in this area.

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4 Oct. 45

Camp #3 located on road from Sawabe, 9 miles toward

Iwagaski at Hosokura Kozau, a mining camp.

The camp commander was not present at this camp and there were only three(3) employees of the mining company. The camp was built in October 1944 and the Prisoners of war arrived in February 1945. Lt. Katsuo Ishzawa was the camp commander.

The following names were noted on signs in the Prison

Office:

Major Houston S. Farris
25th Cav. Commanding
1st. Lt. Hugh E. Wandel
91st. CAG. Adj.
Lt. Col. Robert C. Caskill
MC

The mining employees told us that on 22 Sept. 45 there were two hundred forty-seven(247) Prisoners of war. They also stated that the ashes of those prisoners who had died had been sent to Toyko. The remains were reported to have been cremated in a retort at the mining camp.

Again in this case the camp, being of recent construction was in good condition. This camp had been cleaned and only a few papers were present, which are enclosed in separate envelope marked "Papers Recovered at POW Camp #3 Sendai."

The camp was of the same general structure as Camp #10, although at this camp they had latrines in separate buildings and separate building for an isolation ward.

Arrived Sendai 1500 this day.

At both these camps the company officials claimed they had no lists of the workers, as details of a certain number of men were sent daily, to work at the plants.

2nd Lt. Inf.